

#### 2R-12D Series

### **Description**

The Gas Discharge Tube (GDT) is a protective device which is filled with certain proportion of noble gas, or mixed gas or other discharge media in the space between metal electrodes and metalized ceramics, and then sealed at high temperature to form a single gap or multi-gap switch type protective device. When the protected circuit or equipment suffers to surge, GDT will change from high impedance state to low impedance state and release the surge energy to reduce the residual voltage of the circuit, and then protect the equipment or human body from the hazard of transient overvoltage.

2R-12D Series gas discharge tubes enable protection modules to be constructed with protection classes for N-PE applications.



### **Electrical symbol**



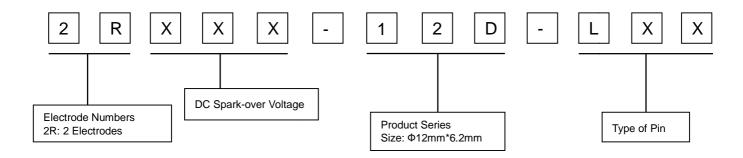
#### **Features**

- I Stable performance over life
- I Very fast response time
- I High insulation resistance
- I Non-Radioactive

## **Applications**

- I AC power line N-PE application
- I Class I and class II surge protection

#### **Part Number Code**





# 2R-12D Series

## **Electrical Characteristics**

Model	2R090-12D	2R350-12D	2R600-12D	2R800-12D	2R1000-12D	2R1500-12D	Units
DC Spark-over Voltage 1) 2) at 100V/S	72~108	280~420	540~780	640~960	800~1200	1200~1800	V
Impulse Spark-over Voltage at 1KV/µS	<600	<700	<1000	<1200	<1500	<2000	V
Front of wave spark-over voltage at 1.2/50 µs, 6 kV	<800	<1000	<1300	<1500	<1800	<2500	V
According to IEC 61643-311							
Nominal impulse discharge current 8/20µs ±5 times	20						KA
Maximum discharge current 8/20µs 1 times	40						KA
Impulse discharge current 10/350µs 1 times	5						KA
Class I (according to IEC 61643-11)							
Maximum continuous operating voltage $$ at 50/60Hz $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$		110	255	255	275	320	Vrms
Nominal impulse discharge current $8/20\mu s$ $15 times I_n$		10	10	10	10	10	KA
Impulse discharge current $10/350\mu s$ 5 times $I_{imp}$		4	4	4	4	4	KA
Follow current at 50/60Hz I <sub>f</sub>		100	100	100	100	100	Α
Class II (according to IEC 61643-11)							
Maximum continuous operating voltage $$ at 50/60Hz $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$ $$		110	255	255	275	320	Vrms
Nominal impulse discharge current $8/20\mu s$ $15 times I_n$		10	10	10	10	10	KA
Maximum discharge current 8/20 $\mu$ s 2 times $I_{max}$		20	20	20	20	20	KA
Follow current at 50/60Hz I <sub>f</sub>		100	100	100	100	100	Α
Breakdown time	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	ns
- typical values	<40	<40	<40	<40	<40	<40	ns
Insulation Resistance at DC 100V	>1	>1	>1	>1	>1	>1	GΩ
Capacitance at 1MHz	<3	<3	<3	<3	<3	<3	pF
Weight							
2RXXXX-12D-LS0	~2.60	~2.60	~2.60	~2.60	~2.60	~2.60	g
2RXXXX-12D-LW0	~2.85	~2.85	~2.85	~2.85	~2.85	~2.85	g
2RXXXX-12D-LW1	~2.85	~2.85	~2.85	~2.85	~2.85	~2.85	g
Operation and storage temperature	-40~+125	-40~+125	-40~+125	-40~+125	-40~+125	-40~+125	°C
Climatic category (IEC60068-1)	40/125/21	40/125/21	40/125/21	40/125/21	40/125/21	40/125/21	
Marking, Red positive	RUILON 2R090-12	RUILON 2R350-12	RUILON 2R600-12	RUILON 2R800-12	RUILON 2R1000-12	RUILON 2R1500-12	
Surface treatment	Matte-tin plated						

<sup>1)</sup> At delivery AQL 0.65 level II, DIN ISO 2859.

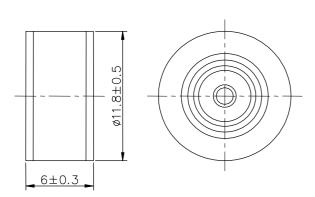
<sup>2)</sup> In ionized mode.



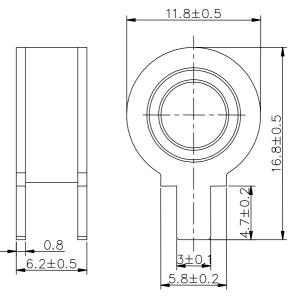
### 2R-12D Series

## **Dimensions** (Unit: mm)

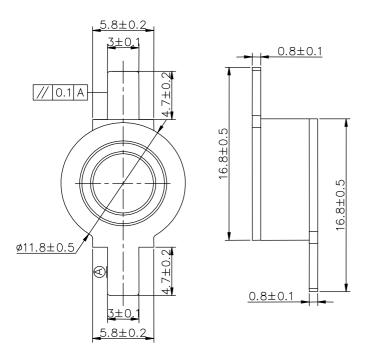
2RXXX-12D-LS0



#### 2RXXX-12D-LW0



#### 2RXXX-12D-LW1





### 2R-12D Series

# **Packaging Information**

#### 2RXXX-12D-LS0

	PVC tray	Inner Box	Carton		
Size	265×148×11mm	275×150×50mm	315×290×272mm		
Quantity	MPQ: 1 tray=126pcs	MOQ: 1 Inner Box=5 trays=630pcs	1 Carton=10 Inner boxes=6,300pcs		
Photos			RUIL SIN PAIS THE STATE		

#### 2RXXX-12D-LW0&2RXXX-12D-LW1

	PVC tray	Inner Box	Carton		
Size	265×148×11mm	275×150×50mm	315×290×272mm		
Quantity	MPQ: 1 tray=63pcs	MOQ: 1 Inner Box=5 trays=315pcs	1 Carton=10 Inner boxes=3,150pcs		
Photos			RUIL BIN PRISE PRINTS  Eth BRE PAN SECURITY  WORLDWAY CON		



2R-12D Series

#### **Terms and definitions**

NO.	Item	Definitions		
1	Gas discharge	Gap, or several gaps, in an enclosed discharge medium, other than air at atmospheric pressure, designed to		
	tube(GDT)	protect apparatus or personnel, or both, from high transient voltages. Also referred to as "gas tube surge arrester".		
2	DC Spark-over Voltage	The voltage at which the gas discharge tube sparks over with slowly increasing d.c. voltage.		
3	Impulse Spark-over	The highest voltage which appears across the terminals of a gas discharge tube in the period between the		
	Voltage	applications of an impulse of given waveform and the time when current begins to flow.		
4	Impulse discharge current 8/20µs	Current impulse with a nominal virtual front time of 8µs and a nominal time to half-value of 20µs.		
5	Impulse discharge current 10/350µs	Current impulse with a nominal virtual front time of 10µs and a nominal time to half-value of 350µs.		
6	1,2/50 voltage impulse	Voltage impulse with a nominal virtual front time of 1,2µs and a nominal time to half-value of 50µs.		
7	Maximum continuous operating voltage <i>U</i> <sub>C</sub>	Maximum rms. voltage, which may be continuously applied to the GDT's mode of protection.		
8	Nominal discharge current In  Crest value of the current through the GDT having a current waveform of 8/20.			
	Maximum discharge	Crest value of a current through the Surge arrester having an 8/20 waveform and magnitude according to the		
9	current I <sub>max</sub>	manufacturers specification. $I_{max}$ is equal to or greater than $I_n$ .		
10	Impulse discharge current for class I test $I_{\rm imp}$	Crest value of the current through the Surge arrester having a current waveform of 10/350 with specified charge transfer Q and specified energy W/R in the specified time.		
11	Follow current I <sub>n</sub> Current supplied by the electrical power system and flowing through the surge arrester after an I <sub>n</sub> -discharge curring impulse.			
12	Insulation Resistance	Insulation resistance shall be measured from each terminal to every other terminal of the GDT. The test is performed with DC50V when normal spark-over Voltage 70~150V, others with DC100V.		
13	Capacitance The capacitance shall be measured once at 1 MHz between all terminals unless otherwise specified.			
14	Class I	Surge arrester protects against direct lightning strike. Direct lightning strike is defined as current impulse $I_{imp}$ with waveform 10/350 $\mu$ s. Withstand capability acc. to IEC 61643-11 standard.		
15	Class II	Surge arrester protects against induced surge current. Induced surge current is defined as current impulse $I_n$ and $I_{max}$ with waveform of shorter duration than $I_{imp}$ , 8/20 $\mu$ s. Withstand capability acc. to IEC 61643-11 standard.		

## **Cautions and warnings**

- I Surge arresters must not be operated directly in power supply networks.
- I Surge arresters may become hot in case of longer periods of current stress (danger of burning).
- I If the contacts of the surge arresters are defective, current stress can lead to the formation of sparks and loud noises.
- I Surge arresters may be used only within their specified values. In case of overload, the head contacts may fail or the component may be destroyed.
- I Damaged surge arresters must not be re-used.